A. INTRODUCTION

Pursuant to the Capital Markets Rules issued by the Malta Financial Services Authority, MIDI p.l.c. (the "Company") is hereby reporting on the extent of its adoption of the Code of Principles of Good Corporate Governance (the "Code") as well as on the measures adopted to ensure compliance with this same Code. For this reporting period, the Company is adhering to the Code as set out in Appendix 5.1 of Chapter 5 – Continuing Obligations of the said Capital Markets Rules. The Directors are committed to the values of transparency, honesty, and integrity in all their actions and strongly believe that such practices are in the best interests of the Company, its Shareholders and other stakeholders. The Directors believe that the Company benefits from having in place more transparent governance structures and from improved relations with the market which enhance market integrity and confidence.

Good corporate governance is the responsibility of the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board"), and in this regard the Board has carried out a review of the Company's compliance with the Code during the period under review. Notwithstanding that the Principles of Good Corporate Governance are not mandatory, the Board has ensured their adoption, save as indicated herein within the section entitled Non-Compliance with Code. In the latter section the Board indicates and explains the instances where it has departed from or where it has not applied the Code, as allowed by the Code.

The Board takes such measures as are necessary in order for the Company to comply with the requirements of the Code to the extent that this is considered appropriate and complementary to the size, nature and operations of the Company.

B. COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE

PRINCIPLE 1: THE BOARD

The overall management and policy setting of the Company is vested in a Board of Directors consisting of a Chairman and eight (8) Directors.

While the Board provides the necessary leadership in the overall direction of the Company, its key role with respect to the Company's principal activities is to establish the Company's strategy and to appoint all members of Senior Management and other key members of management.

All the Directors, individually and collectively, are of the appropriate calibre, and have the necessary skills and experience to contribute effectively to the decision-making process. The Board delegates specific responsibilities to a number of committees, notably the Supervisory Board, the Audit Committee and the Remuneration and Nomination Committee, each of which operates under formal terms of reference approved by the Board. The Project Management Advisory Committee reports to the Supervisory Board.

PRINCIPLE 2: CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

The positions of the Chairman of the Board and that of the Chief Executive Officer (the "CEO") are vested in separate individuals. The positions have been defined with specific roles rendering these positions completely separate from one another.

Dr. Alec A. Mizzi serves as Chairman of the Board. The Chairman, who continues to meet the independence criteria (see principle 3 below), is responsible to lead the Board and to set its agenda. The Chairman ensures that the Board's discussions on any issue put before it goes into adequate depth, encourages the involvement of all Directors, and ensures that all the Board's decisions are supported by adequate and timely information. The Chairman, together with the Supervisory Board, ensures that the CEO develops a strategy that is agreed to by the Board.

B. COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE - CONTINUED

PRINCIPLE 2: CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE - CONTINUED

The role of CEO is vested in Mr. Mark Portelli. The Board has delegated specific authority to the CEO to manage specific activities within the Company which include, amongst others:

- implementation of policies as set by the Board;
- working towards objectives established by the Board;
- representing the Company with third parties;
- putting into effect plans to organise, direct and manage the human resources available to attain the highest possible profitability or results in the interest of the Company's shareholders and all other stakeholders.

The role of the CEO is to plan, co-ordinate and control the daily operations of the Company through the leadership and direction of MIDI's management team. For this purpose, the CEO communicates on a continuous basis with Senior Managers to direct business activities against plans, to decide on emerging matters, to allocate responsibilities of work and to monitor performance.

On the 17 June 2021, the CEO Mr. Mark Portelli was re-appointed by the Board of Directors as a Director in terms of Article 102(3) of the Articles of Association of the Company which permits the Board to appoint up to a maximum of two additional directors without the requirement that the appointment be ratified by a members' resolution taken at a General Meeting of the Company. In terms of Article 117(3) of the Articles of Association of the Company, if the person appointed to the office of CEO is a director of the Company the said person shall be designated as Managing Director*.

PRINCIPLE 3: COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD

The Board is composed of 8 independent non-executive Directors (including the Chairman) and 1 executive Director.

The following Directors served on the Board during the period under review:

Chairman

Alec A. Mizzi

Independent non-executive Directors

Joseph A. Gasan David Demarco Joseph Bonello

Alfredo Muñoz Perez (appointed on the 17 June 2021) Gordon Polidano (appointed on the 17 June 2021)

Alan Mizzi Joseph Said

John Mary *sive* Jimmy Gatt (resigned on the 17 June 2021) David G. Curmi (resigned on the 17 June 2021)

Executive Director (Managing Director)*

Mark Portelli

B. COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE - CONTINUED

PRINCIPLE 3: COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD - CONTINUED

The Board determines whether a director is independent by considering primarily the following principles relating to independence contained in the Code:

- i. whether the director has been an executive officer or employee of the Company or a subsidiary of the Company as the case may be within the last three years;
- ii. whether the director has or has had within the last three years, a significant business relationship with the Company either directly, or as a partner, shareholder, director or senior employee of a body that has a such a relationship with the Company:
- iii. whether the director has received or receives significant additional remuneration from the Company or any member of the Group of which the Company forms part in addition to a director's fee;
- iv. whether the director has close family ties with any of the Company's executive Directors or senior employees;
- v. whether the director has served on the Board for more than twelve consecutive years; or
- vi. whether the director is or has been within the last three years an engagement partner or a member of the audit team of the present or former external auditor of the Company or any member of the Group of which the Company forms part.

Following an assessment of the criteria above and after having considered whether other situations exist which may possibly impinge on the independence of the current non-executive Directors, the Board considers all current non-executive Directors to be independent. It is the Board's view that despite the fact that Dr. Alec A. Mizzi, Mr. Joseph A. Gasan and Mr. Joseph Said have served on the Board for more than twelve consecutive years, the Directors in question continue to provide valuable contribution and insight to the Board as well as a deep understanding of the Company's operations and market in which it operates and in the carrying out of their role, their ability to exercise objective and unbiased judgement has not been impaired by length of service. Furthermore, Mr. Joseph Said is also the CEO and Executive Director of Lombard Bank Malta p.l.c. ("Lombard") which provides credit facilities to the Company. It is the Board's view that the fact that Mr. Joseph Said is a director of a company that has a significant relationship with the Group does not impinge on Mr. Said's independence and his ability to take objective and unbiased judgements. In any case, the relationship between Lombard and the Company is conducted on a commercial and arms' length basis and Mr. Joseph Said has informed the Board of Directors that he is not involved in any decisions taken by Lombard in relation to the Company. Likewise, as a director of the Company, Mr. Joseph Said is not involved in any decisions concerning or which have a bearing on the Lombard relationship.

In terms of Principle 3.4, each non-executive Director has confirmed in writing to the Board that the Director undertook:

- to maintain in all circumstances his independence of analysis, decision and action;
- not to seek or accept any unreasonable advantages that could be considered as compromising his independence; and
- to clearly express his opposition in the event that he finds that a decision of the Board may harm the Company.

The composition of the Board is determined by the Articles of Association of the Company. The appointment of directors to the Board is reserved exclusively to the Company's shareholders, except in so far as (i) the situation contemplated in Article 102(3) of the Articles of Association where the Directors may appoint two additional directors to the Board without the requirement that the appointment be ratified by a members' resolution taken at a General Meeting of the Company; and (ii) an appointment which may be made by the Board to fill a casual vacancy on the Board in terms of Article 103(3).



B. COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE - CONTINUED

PRINCIPLE 3: COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD - CONTINUED

The Board is composed of a minimum of five (5) and a maximum of ten (10) directors. A maximum of eight (8) directors are elected at each Annual General Meeting (or at an Extraordinary General Meeting convened for the purpose of electing directors) while the Board of Directors may appoint two (2) additional directors to the Board without the requirement that the appointments be ratified by a members' resolution taken at a General Meeting of the Company in terms of Article 102(3). On the 17 June 2021, Mr. Mark Portelli was re-appointed as a director by the Board of Directors in terms of the provisions of Article 102(3).

No election will take place where there are as many nominations for the Board of Directors as there are vacancies, in which case the candidates so nominated will be automatically appointed directors.

Unless appointed for a shorter period, a director shall hold office from the end of one Annual General Meeting to the end of the next. A retiring director shall be eligible for re-election or re-appointment. The Director appointed by the Board in terms of Article 102(3) shall likewise hold office until the end of the Annual General Meeting following his appointment.

Shareholders are entitled to participate in the election of the directors on the basis that each shareholder shall have one (1) vote in respect of each ordinary share held. A shareholder may use all his votes in favour of one candidate or may split his votes in any manner he chooses amounts two or more candidates. The candidates elected are those candidates who obtain the greater number of votes on that basis.

The Chairman shall be elected by a simple majority from amongst the Directors of the Company.

The Board considers that the size of the Board, whilst not being large as to be unwieldy, is appropriate for the requirements of the Company's business. Apart from being clearly equally conducive to good corporate governance, the composition of the Board provides, in the Board's view, the added benefits of control and management of the Company's affairs and an efficient decision-making process. The Board considers that the balance of skills and experience is appropriate for the requirements of the business and that changes to the Board's composition can be managed without undue disruption. The Board is also of the view that it is composed of members who, as a whole, have the required diversity of knowledge, judgment and experience to properly complete their tasks. As from the 5 October 2020, in addition to the eight independent non-executive Directors, the Board's composition also includes one executive Director.

PRINCIPLE 4: THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD

The Board of Directors is charged with the supervision of Board Committees and of management and the general course of affairs of the Company and the business connected with it (including its financial policies and corporate structure). The Board of Directors periodically evaluates the main organisational structure and the operation of the internal risk-management and control systems established as well as agree on any necessary changes or corrective actions regarding such systems.



B. COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE - CONTINUED

PRINCIPLE 4: THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD - CONTINUED

In fulfilling its mandate, the Board of Directors assumes responsibility to:

- a) establish corporate governance standards;
- b) review, evaluate and approve, on a regular basis, long-term plans for the Company;
- c) review, evaluate and approve the Company's budgets and forecasts;
- d) review, evaluate and approve major resource allocations and capital investments;
- e) review the financial and operating results of the Company;
- f) ensure appropriate policies and procedures are in place to manage risks and internal control;
- g) review, evaluate and approve the overall corporate organisation structure, the assignment of management responsibilities and plans for senior management development including succession;
- h) review, evaluate and approve compensation strategy for senior management; and
- i) review periodically the Company's objectives and policies relating to social, health and safety and environmental responsibilities.

The Board supervises compliance with the Capital Markets Rules, including those pertaining to the preparation and publication of the Annual Report and Financial Statements, and approves the Financial Statements for submission to the General Meeting of the Shareholders. The Board retains direct responsibility for approving and monitoring:

- i. the Business Plan for the Group;
- ii. the Annual Budget;
- iii. the Annual Financial Statements;
- iv. termination of the employment or engagement of a substantial number of employees of the Company simultaneously or within a short period of time;
- v. termination of employment or engagement of the Chief Executive Officer and other positions of strategic importance at Senior Management level;
- vi. proposals to increase the issued capital and to materially increase or decrease the Company's funding; and
- vii. other resolutions which the Board of Directors may determine to be subject to its approval.

Any meeting that a director wishes to initiate may be arranged through the Company Secretary. A director of the Company has access to advice from internal and external sources, which are deemed necessary for carrying out the respective roles and responsibilities and the Company will bear the related expenses. A newly appointed director is given a thorough induction course in the operations, activities and procedures of the Company to be able to carry out the function of a director in an effective manner.

PRINCIPLE 5: BOARD MEETINGS

The Board endeavours to meet on a monthly basis, with additional meetings held as necessary. Board meetings are presided over by the Chairman and all Directors are allowed equal opportunity to voice and express their views on matters relating to the Company and its business.

After each Board meeting, minutes that faithfully record attendance, matters discussed and decisions taken, are prepared, and circulated to all Directors as soon as practicable after the meeting.



B. COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE - CONTINUED

PRINCIPLE 5: BOARD MEETINGS - CONTINUED

A total of thirteen (13) Board of Directors meetings were held during 2021 and attendance was as follows:

Board member	Attended
Alec A. Mizzi	13
Joseph Bonello	13
David Demarco	13
Joseph A. Gasan	12
Alan Mizzi	12
Mark Portelli	13
Joseph Said	13
Alfredo Muñoz Perez (appointed on the 17 June 2021)	7 (out of 7)
Gordon Polidano (appointed on the 17 June 2021)	7 (out of 7)
David G. Curmi (resigned on the 17 June 2021)	5 (out of 6)
John Mary sive Jimmy Gatt (resigned on the 17 June 2021)	6 (out of 6)

PRINCIPLE 6: INFORMATION AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The Chief Executive Officer is appointed by the Board of Directors in accordance with the Articles of Association.

The recruitment and selection of Senior Management is the responsibility of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee (as described under Principle 8 below) in consultation with the CEO.

Newly appointed directors are provided with briefings by the Chief Executive Officer and also by other members of Senior Management in respect to the operations of the Group. An information pack is handed to a new director following his appointment which incorporates Memoranda and Articles of Group companies, terms of reference of any relevant committees, any Company policies as well as relevant legislation and rules. The Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary who is responsible for ensuring that Board procedures are adhered to. Additionally, Directors may seek independent professional advice on any matter at the Company's expense.

The Company ensures the personal development of Directors, management, and employees by recommending attendance to seminars, conferences as well as training programmes that are designed to help improve the potential of its staff members whilst boosting the Company's competitiveness. The Company provides the necessary training to the individual Directors on a requirements basis by formally identifying and addressing any such requirements.

PRINCIPLE 7: EVALUATION OF BOARD'S PERFORMANCE

During March 2022, the Board carried out an evaluation of its own performance together with that of the Committees and the Chairman. The Board delegated the carrying out of the evaluation exercise to the Remuneration and Nomination Committee. The exercise was conducted through a comprehensive Board Effectiveness Questionnaire, the results of which were analysed by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee and then discussed by the Board. The review has not resulted in any material changes in the Company's internal organisation or in its governance structures. However, some best practice recommendations which emerged from the analysis of the results will be implemented by the Board.



B. COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE - CONTINUED

PRINCIPLE 8: COMMITTEES

The Board has appointed the following Committees:

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is a committee appointed by the Board and is directly responsible and accountable to the Board. The Audit Committee's primary purpose is to:

- a) protect the interests of the Company's shareholders; and
- b) assist the Directors in conducting their role effectively so that the Company's decision-making capability and the accuracy of its reporting and financial results are maintained at a high level at all times.

The Board has set formal terms of reference of the Audit Committee that establish its composition, role and function and responsibilities.

The main role and responsibilities of the Audit Committee include:

- a) to inform the Board of Directors of the outcome of the statutory audit and to explain how the statutory audit contributed to the integrity of the Financial Statements and what the role of the Audit Committee was in this process;
- b) to monitor the financial reporting process and to submit recommendations of proposals to ensure its integrity;
- c) to monitor the effectiveness of the Company's internal quality control and risk managements system and, where applicable, its internal audit regarding the financial reporting without breaching its independence;
- d) to monitor the audit of the annual and consolidated financial statements, in particular, its performance, taking into account any findings and conclusions by the competent authority pursuant to Article 26 (6) of the Statutory Audit Regulation;
- e) to review the additional report prepared by the statutory auditors or audit firm submitted to the Audit Committee in terms of Article 11 of the Statutory Audit Regulation;
- f) to review and monitor the independence of the statutory auditors or audit firms in accordance with Articles 22, 22a, 22b, 24a and 24b of the Directive 2006/43/EC on statutory audits of annual accounts and consolidated accounts, amending Council Directive 78/660/EEC and 83/349/EEC and repealing Council Directive 84/253/EEC and Article 6 of the Statutory Audit Regulation and in particular the appropriateness of the provision of non-audit services to the audited entity in accordance with Article 5 of the Statutory Audit Regulation;
- g) the responsibility for the procedure for the selection of statutory auditors or audit firms in accordance with Articles 16 and 17 of the Statutory Audit Regulation, and also the consideration of the appointment of the external auditors and the making of recommendations to the Board of Directors and additionally the consideration of any questions of auditor resignation or dismissal.

Other responsibilities of the Audit Committee are set out in its Terms of Reference and these include, amongst others, the review, appointment or replacement of the internal auditor and the making of recommendations accordingly to the Board, the development and implementation of a policy on the engagement of the external auditor to supply non-audit services, if and where applicable, the consideration of the respective scope of work and audit plans of the internal auditor, if any, and the external auditors, the coordination of the audit, the review of the adequacy of the Company's internal controls, including computerised information system controls and security, management letters and any related significant findings and recommendations of the external auditors and internal audit together with Management's responses thereto, to enquire with Management about significant risks or exposures and assess the steps Management has taken to minimise such risks to the Company, to consider and review with Management significant internal audit findings during the year and management's responses thereto, to review legal and regulatory matters that may have a material impact on the financial statements, related compliance policies, and any reports arising from examinations or inspections performed by the regulators and review and evaluate any proposed transaction that the Company intends to carry out with a Related Party in accordance with the Capital Markets Rules.

B. COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE - CONTINUED

PRINCIPLE 8: COMMITTEES - CONTINUED

Audit Committee - Continued

For the year under review, the Audit Committee was composed of three independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Joseph Bonello was appointed Chairman of the Audit Committee on the 18 June 2021. The other two members of the Audit Committee are Mr. Alan Mizzi and Mr. Alfredo Muñoz Perez (who was appointed on the 18 June 2021). Mr. Joseph Said and Mr. David Demarco held the roles of Chairman and member of the Audit Committee respectively until the 18 June 2021.

In terms of Capital Markets Rules 5.117 and 5.118, Mr. Alan Mizzi, ACA and Mr. Alfredo Muñoz Perez are the Directors who the Board considers as competent in accounting and/or auditing. The two members, as also the Chairman Mr. Joseph Bonello, are considered independent because they are free from any business, family or other relationship with the Company or its management that may create a conflict of interest such as to impair their judgement.

The Audit Committee is required by the Capital Markets Rules to meet a minimum of four (4) times a year. During the year under review the Audit Committee met four (4) times.

When the Audit Committee's monitoring and review activities reveal cause for concern or identify the need for improvement, it shall make recommendations to the Board on the action needed to address the issue or make such improvements.

The Audit Committee oversees the Internal Audit process. This independent appraisal function was established within the Group to carry out business process risk-based audits aimed at ensuring adequate controls and efficient business processes. Such a process is undertaken by EY Malta, with representatives of the firm attending the meetings of the Audit Committee and thereby reporting directly to the Audit Committee.

Supervisory Board

The Board delegates some of its responsibilities to the Supervisory Board, which is composed of Dr. Alec A. Mizzi (Chairman of the Committee), Mr. David Demarco (Director) (appointed as member on the 18 June 2021), Mr. Joseph A. Gasan (Director), Mr. Mark Portelli (CEO of the Company and Managing Director), Mr. Jesmond Micallef (CFO of the Company), and Perit Ivan Piccinino (Senior Project Manager of the Company). Mr. David G. Curmi (Director) held the role of member of the Supervisory Board until his resignation from the Board on the 17 June 2021.

The Supervisory Board, which reports to the Board, is charged with oversight of Management in the attainment of MIDI's objectives and strategies.

Some of the more important functions carried out by the Supervisory Board include:

- a) to oversee strategic, business and similar plans in a manner which ensures that appropriate risks and rewards are identified and properly evaluated;
- b) to oversee status, progress, developments of any ongoing projects or commercial operations of the Company and its subsidiaries;
- c) to oversee the annual budgeting process for the Company and ensure that the Company's plans are based on adequate and realistic funding budgets;
- d) the supervision of the Project Management Advisory Committee on all development related matters, including the making of recommendations to the Board of Directors with regards to the awarding of contract of works; and
- e) the consideration of all new business opportunities, including partnering with third parties on existing or new projects.



B. COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE - CONTINUED

PRINCIPLE 8: COMMITTEES - CONTINUED

Project Management Advisory Committee

In view of the inherent operations of the Company as a property developer, the Supervisory Board set-up a sub-committee in the form of an advisory committee to assist it with project management related matters pertaining to the Tigné Point and the Manoel Island developments.

In furtherance of such an advisory role, the Project Management Advisory Committee's ("PMAC") involvement extends to the three main stages of project management: (i) the preparatory stages of the development including the procurement phase; (ii) the performance stage when works are undertaken on site; and (iii) the handover stage when following completion, the end product is either transferred to a third party purchaser or alternatively is prepared for the Company to itself operate as part of its overall operations.

Some of the more specific functions undertaken by the PMAC include the following:

- a) to make recommendations on the appropriate procurement procedure to be adopted in particular phases of a planned or ongoing project;
- b) to act as an interface between the Company and the project management consultants, advisors, contractors, suppliers or service providers engaged by the Company;
- c) subject to the supervision of the Supervisory Board, to carry out the tendering process including the preparation of tender documents, to approach potential bidders and/or to publish tenders, to receive offers and to prepare and/or to oversee the preparation of reports on the short-listed bidders and to make recommendations on the selection of a preferred bidder to the Supervisory Board;
- d) to oversee the negotiation and the execution of any contracts of works, services or supplies being entered into by the Company;
- e) to provide regular updates to the Supervisory Board on the status and progress of planned or ongoing projects, both from a timing and cost point of view; and
- f) to advise the Supervisory Board on any action that may be required on project management matters.

The PMAC is composed of Mr. David Demarco (Director) who chairs the Committee, Mr. Joseph Bonello (Director) and members of Senior Management. Mr. John Mary *sive* Jimmy Gatt (Director) held the role of member of the Committee until his resignation from the Board on the 17 June 2021. A number of consultants may also be invited to attend the meetings of the PMAC as may be necessary from time to time.

Remuneration and Nomination Committee

As Nomination Committee, the Committee periodically or as may be necessary is to review the structure, size and composition of the Board with a view to making any recommendations to the Board with regard to its composition and any skills, knowledge, diversity and experience suited to the Board. The Committee is responsible for identifying, nominating and proposing to the Board, for its approval, candidates for the position of Director to be appointed by the Board without the requirement that the appointment of such director or directors be ratified by a members' resolution taken at a General Meeting of the Company in terms of Article 102(3) of the Articles of Association of the Company: provided that for the sake of clarity, the decision whether to appoint an additional or additional directors to the Board in terms of the said Article shall always remain with the Board. The Committee is to keep under review the leadership needs of the Company and it is to consider succession planning issues in relation to and the policy for the selection of CEO and other Senior Executives, making any necessary recommendations to the Board. The Committee shall also be responsible for selecting, nominating and proposing to the Board, for its approval, candidates for the position of CEO and other Senior Executives.

B. COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE - CONTINUED

PRINCIPLE 8: COMMITTEES - CONTINUED

Remuneration and Nomination Committee - Continued

The Committee is responsible for the process relating to the annual evaluation of the performance of the Board and that of its committees, including that of the Committee itself, as recommended to be carried out by the Code of Corporate Governance. The Committee shall then report to the Board on the results of the performance evaluation process in order to ascertain the strengths and to address the weaknesses of the Board.

Information regarding the Remuneration and Nomination Committee in relation to its remuneration function is found as part of the section in the Annual Report entitled "Remuneration Report and Statement".

PRINCIPLE 9 & 10: RELATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND WITH THE MARKET, AND INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS

Pursuant to the Company's statutory obligations in terms of the Maltese Companies Act (Cap. 386) and the Capital Markets Rules, the Annual Report and Financial Statements, declaration of dividends, election of directors, and appointment of auditors and authorisation of the directors to set the auditors' fees are proposed and approved at the Company's Annual General Meeting.

The Company recognises the importance of maintaining a dialogue with its shareholders and of keeping the market informed to ensure that its strategies and performance are well understood.

The Board is of the view that during the period under review, the Company communicated effectively with shareholders through periodical Company Announcements and through press releases and other material addressed to the market in general using both the traditional media as well as social media.

The Company also communicates with its shareholders through the Company's Annual General Meeting ("AGM"). Apart from the AGM, the Company communicates with its shareholders by way of the Annual Report and Financial Statements. The Company's website also contains information about the Company and its business, including an Investor Relations Section.

The Directors consider that the Board properly serves the legitimate interests of all Shareholders and is accountable to all Shareholders.

The Chairman arranges for all Directors to attend the AGM. Information on the Company's General Meetings is found in the Directors' Report.

Individual shareholders can raise matters relating to their shareholding and the business of the Group at any time throughout the year and are given the opportunity to submit written questions in advance to be answered at the AGM or to ask questions in person at the AGM (subject to the AGM being held physically). In terms of Article 129 of the Companies Act, the Board may call an extraordinary general meeting on the request of shareholders holding not less than one-tenth of the paid-up share capital of the Company.

The Company holds meetings with stockbrokers and financial intermediaries at least once a year, which meeting usually coincides with the publication of the annual financial statements.



B. COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE - CONTINUED

PRINCIPLE 11: CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

By way of internal practice, some of the Company's Directors also act as Directors on fully owned subsidiaries within the Group, namely: Tigné Contracting Limited, Solutions & Infrastructure Services Limited and T14 Investments Limited. Mr. Joseph A. Gasan is also a director on Mid Knight Holdings Limited, a joint venture Company and its subsidiary Mid Knight Operations Limited.

During the period under review the CEO acted as a director of Tigné Contracting Limited, Mid Knight Holdings Limited and its subsidiary Mid Knight Operations Limited.

The Directors are strongly aware of their responsibility to act at all times in the interest of the Company and its shareholders as a whole and of their obligation to avoid conflicts of interest.

The Directors and the CEO, acting as directors of other companies of the Group and other third companies, may be subject to conflicts between the potentially divergent interests of the Company, the Group or such other third companies. The Company is not aware of any private interest or duties unrelated to the Group which may or are likely to place the Directors or the CEO in conflict with any interest in, or duties towards the Company.

Given the current shareholding of MIDI p.l.c., and in line with expectations upon the commencement of the Company, conflicts of interest affecting Board members may arise from time to time with regards to:

- 1. contracts for goods and services, including the provision of construction services, civil and mechanical and engineering works which have been/may be entered into between MIDI p.l.c., Tigné Contracting Limited, Solutions & Infrastructure Services Limited, Mid Knight Holdings Limited and companies related to Board members;
- 2. financing and insurance related services which have been/may be provided to MIDI p.l.c. by companies related to Board members;
- 3. activities, including retail projects carried on by MIDI p.l.c. which may compete with similar activities carried on, in the close proximity of the MIDI's retail projects by companies related to Board members;
- 4. purchases of apartments by Directors or by companies related to Board members;
- 5. rental agreements by Directors or by companies related to Board members in relation to any of MIDI's commercial premises.

All contracts for goods and services, including the provision of construction services, civil and mechanical and engineering works, and any other purchases are based upon the principle of competitive bidding. The CEO negotiates with suppliers in order to ensure that the best quality goods and services are procured by MIDI at the least possible price. With regard to construction services, the Supervisory Board is responsible, with assistance from the Project Management Advisory Committee, to supervise the tendering process. In particular, the Supervisory Board is responsible for assisting and directing the CEO in negotiations with contractors, suppliers and service providers and is responsible for the award of tenders not exceeding the value of €2 million. Any tenders exceeding such a value are awarded by the Board.

In terms of Article 90 of the Articles of Association of the Company, a director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested (even if such direct or indirect interest relates to the Member or Members who appointed him to office) in any contract or arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement with the Company shall declare the nature of his interest at a meeting of the Directors. In the case of a proposed contract or arrangement, the declaration of interest to be made by such director shall be made at the meeting of the directors at which the question of entering into the contract or arrangement is first taken into consideration, or if such director was not at the date of that meeting interested in the proposed contract or arrangement, at the next meeting of the Directors held after he became so interested; and in a case where such Director becomes interested in a contract or arrangement after it is made, the said declaration shall be made at the first meeting of the Directors held after such director becomes so interested.

B. COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE - CONTINUED

PRINCIPLE 11: CONFLICTS OF INTEREST - CONTINUED

In line with Code Provision 11.1, a director does not participate in a discussion concerning matters in which he has a conflict of interest unless the Board finds no objection to the presence of such director. In addition, in accordance with the said Article 90, a director shall not vote in respect of any contract, arrangement, transaction or proposal in which he has material interest in accordance with the Memorandum and Articles of Association, whether direct or indirect, otherwise than by virtue of his interests in shares or debentures or other securities of or otherwise in or through the Company. A director shall not be counted in the quorum at a meeting in relation to any resolution on which he is debarred from voting.

Article 91 of the Articles of Association also states that if any question arises at any meeting as to the materiality of a director's interest or as to the entitlement of any director to vote and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting, then such question shall be referred to the auditors and their ruling shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interests of the Director concerned have not been fairly disclosed.

Dealing in Company Securities

On joining the Board and regularly thereafter, the Directors are informed of their obligations on dealing in securities of the Company within the parameters of the law, including the Capital Markets Rules and the Market Abuse Regulations ("MAR"), as well as within the Company's policy in respect of dealings by directors in the Company's securities, which policy is based on timely and comprehensive disclosures and notifications, as applicable in terms of the law.

Directors' interests in the share capital of the Company are contained in the Directors' report.

PRINCIPLE 12: CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Group has always recognised the importance of its corporate social responsibility, most notably during the restoration works undertaken on Fort Manoel and Fort Tigné and other historical assets at Manoel Island and Tigné Point.

The restoration of these important heritage sites is an on-going process and to-date more than €20 million has been invested by MIDI for their restoration, including the majestic Fort Manoel.

MIDI's sustainability values are the guiding principles for the development of Manoel Island and Tigné Point development projects. From the initial concept, right through the design, construction, and operational procedures, the Company is deploying green and eco-friendly strategies aimed at creating a sustainable environment.

Furthermore, in its drive to ensure that the guidelines of Guardianship Deed with the Manoel Island Foundation are respected, the Company regularly meets with the members of the Foundation to discuss issues related to the Manoel Island project. On the initiative of the Foundation earlier this year the Company embarked on an embellishment programme of the Manoel Island foreshore for the benefit of the general public frequenting Manoel Island. The works included the installation of railings along the pathways leading down to the foreshore and site clearing works in various areas of the coastline. Additionally, a winding staircase leading down to the beach under the Couvre Porte was discovered and exposed following extensive clearance works enabling it to be used. In the summer months, MIDI also provides a free shuttle service for bathers on Manoel Island over the weekends and public holidays.

The Company has also reached out to the neighbouring communities of Gżira and Sliema by supporting various initiatives organized at community level. Since 2019, the Company has supported Gżira United Football Nursery in the organization of sporting events for the benefit of the children of this community.



B. COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE - CONTINUED

PRINCIPLE 12: CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY - CONTINUED

In collaboration with the Sliema Local Council, MIDI has also embarked on a project to refurbish the playground located within the George Bonello Du Puis gardens at Qui-Si-Sana. The first phase of the refurbishment project commenced in September 2020 and was completed in November of the same year.

The second phase consisting of the installation of an infants' swings area and fencing was completed in November 2021. The third and final stage of the project is expected to be completed towards the end of 2022.

In line with its community reach out programme, during 2021, MIDI also supported part of the internal restoration works of the Gzira parish church which is dedicated to our Lady of Mount Carmel. The renovation project consisted of cleaning of the paintings and sculptures in the church followed by an extensive painting job of the two side aisles, the church nave and the area around the altar.

MIDI also continues to offer various premises which form part of the Group's assets free of charge to non-profit organisations and other third parties to carry out activities and events which benefit philanthropic and community causes.

As part of an ongoing sponsorship to Zibel, an NGO focusing on environmental clean-ups and a healthier livelihood, MIDI has once again sponsored the berthing costs of the NGO's boat, as well as the supply of all services for the operation of a Seabin at the Manoel Island Yacht Marina. This Seabin is contributing to keep a cleaner water environment in the Marina, as this device collects floating plastics and debris from the sea surface. Last year MIDI together with Zibel also organized a marine clean-up in the Marina, where a total of 9,200 kgs of material were collected from the sea bed. These consisted of plastic, ropes and fishing gear, glass, metal, mixed waste and vehicle tyres.

C. NON-COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE

PRINCIPLE 4: CODE PROVISION 4.2.7 SUCCESSION POLICY FOR THE FUTURE COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD

The Board notes that pursuant to the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, the appointment of directors to serve on the Board of Directors is a matter which is entirely reserved to the shareholders of the Company (other than in the case of the ninth and tenth directors who may be appointed by the Board or where the need arises to fill a casual vacancy). Accordingly, shareholders are afforded the power to nominate and elect a new board of directors on an annual basis. Thus, the Board does not consider it practical to develop a succession policy for the future composition of the Board since every Director is required to retire from office at the Annual General Meeting. However, as indicated in the statement of compliance, all newly appointed non-executive Directors are given a thorough induction course in the operations, activities and procedures of the Company by Senior Management to be able to carry out the function of a Director in an effective manner.

C. NON-COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE - CONTINUED

PRINCIPLE 9: CODE PROVISION 9.3 RELATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND WITH THE MARKET

There are no procedures disclosed in the Company's Memorandum or Articles as recommended in Code Provision 9.3, to resolve conflicts between minority shareholders and controlling shareholders. It is the Board's view that this Code Provision is not applicable to the Company since the Company has no controlling shareholders.

This notwithstanding, the Company ensures that sufficient contact is maintained with shareholders to understand issues and concerns. The Office of the Company Secretary maintains regular communication with investors and provides individual shareholders with the opportunity to raise matters at any time throughout the year. Shareholders are also given the opportunity to ask questions physically at the AGM (subject to the AGM being held physically) or to submit written questions in advance. Furthermore, as provided by the Companies Act, the Board may call an extraordinary general meeting on the requisition of shareholders holding not less than one-tenth of the paid up share capital of the Company.

D. INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT IN RELATION TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTING PROCESS

The Board is ultimately responsible for the Group's system of internal control and risk management and for reviewing its effectiveness. Such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide a reasonable, as opposed to absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Company operates through the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board with clear reporting lines and delegation of powers. The Board of Directors has adopted and implemented appropriate policies and procedures to manage risks and internal control. The Supervisory Board plans, executes, controls and monitors business operations in order to achieve the set objectives.

The Directors, with the assistance of Senior Management, are responsible for the identification, evaluation and management of the key risks to which the Company may be exposed. The Company has in place clear and consistent procedures in place for monitoring the system of internal financial controls. The Directors also receive periodic management information giving comprehensive analysis of financial and business performance including variances against the Group's set targets.

This process is applicable specifically in relation to the Company's financial reporting framework.

The Audit Committee reviews and assesses the effectiveness of the internal control systems, including financial reporting, and determines whether significant internal control recommendations made by internal and external auditors have been implemented. The Committee plays an important role in initiating discussions with the Board with respect to risk assessment and risk management and reviews contingent liabilities and risks that may be material to the Group.



E. CAPITAL MARKETS RULE 5.97.5

The information required by this Capital Markets Rule is found in the Directors' Report.

F. GENERAL MEETINGS

General meetings are called and conducted in accordance with the provisions contained in the Company's Articles of Association and in accordance with any applicable laws or regulations as may be applicable from time to time. As outlined previously, information on General Meetings is found in the Directors' Report.

The report above is a summary of the views of the Board on the Company's compliance with the Code. Generally, the Board is of the opinion that, in the context of the applicability of the various principles of the Code to the Company and in the context of the Company's business operations and save as indicated herein in the section entitled "Non-Compliance" the Company has applied the principles and has complied with the Code throughout the financial year under review. The Board shall keep these principles under review and shall monitor any developments in the Company's business to evaluate the need to introduce new corporate governance structures or mechanisms as and when the need arises.

Signed on behalf of the entity's Board of Directors on 26 April 2022 by Alec A. Mizzi (Chairman) and Joseph A. Gasan (Director) as per the Directors' Declaration on the ESEF Annual Financial Report submitted in conjunction with the 2021 Annual Report and Consolidated Financial Statements.